Aggregator-neutral records & LCRI 12.7B4.2: Electronic Serials That Don't Retain Earlier Titles

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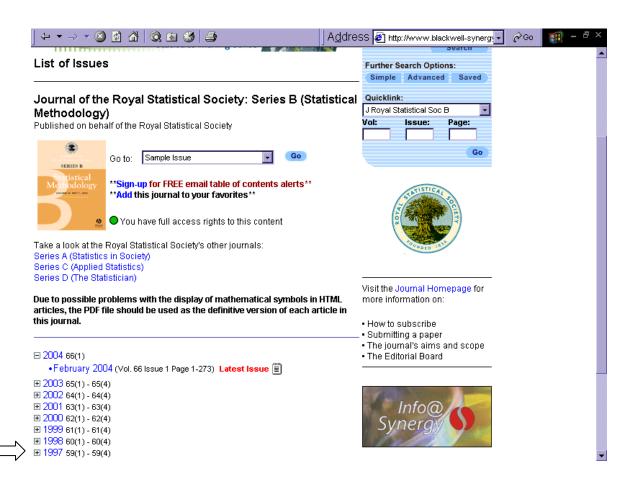
If an electronic serial is reformatted so that all evidence of the earlier title is removed, give the earlier title in a note. Give a note explaining that the earlier title no longer appears in the serial. Also give such a note if an aggregator presents a range of issues and does not retain the earlier titles.

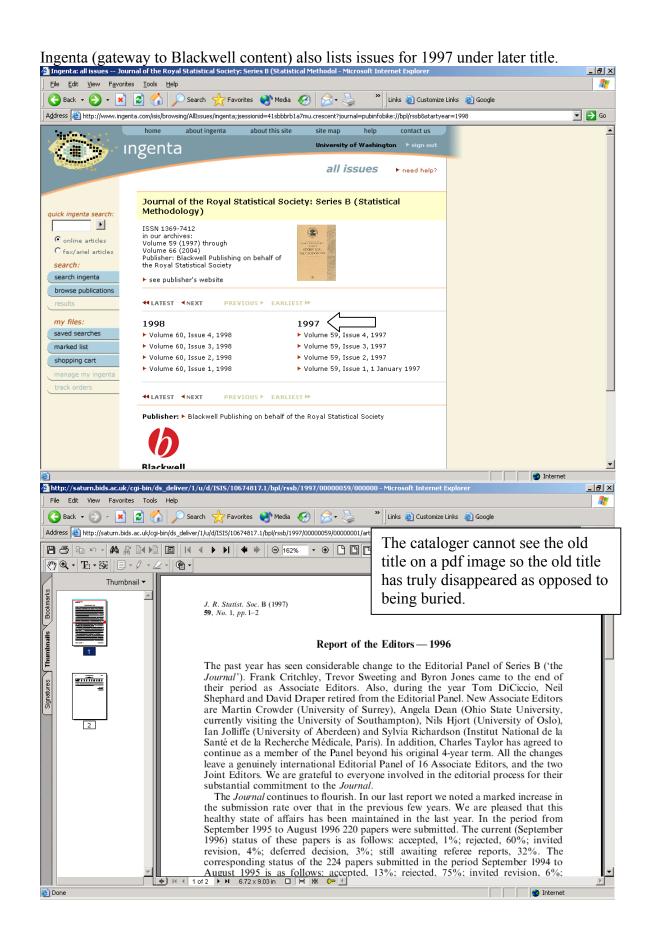
Example of a title change for which two providers present a range of issues and do not retain the earlier title, and another provider presents both titles.

New title: Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series B (Statistical Methodology) Old title: Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series B (Methodological)

Title changed with Vol. 60, pt. 1 (1998).

Blackwell and Ingenta list issues for 1997--issues of old title—on page with new title.





JSTOR lists both old and new title separately.

JSTOR new title (1998-)

Journal of the Royal Statistical Society. Series B (Statistical Methodology)

Please see the information page for Journal of the Royal Statistical Society. Series B (Statistical Methodology) to learn more about this journal.

Issues available for browsing in Vols. 60 - 61:

Continues Journal of the Royal Statistical Society. Series B (Methodological), Vols. 10 - 59 (1948-1997)

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Vol. 60 (1998)

No. 1, 1998, pp. 1-270

No. 2, 1998, pp. 271-496

No. 3, 1998, pp. 497-662

No. 4, 1998, pp. 663-818

Vol. 61 (1999)

No. 1, 1999, pp. 1-285

No. 2, 1999, pp. 287-483
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JSTOR old title (-1997)

Journal of the Royal Statistical Society. Series B (Methodological)

Please see the information page for Journal of the Royal Statistical Society. Series B (Methodological) to learn more about this journal.

Volumes available for browsing:

Continues Supplement to the Journal of the Royal Statistical Society, Vols. 1 - 9 (1934-1947)

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Vols. 10 - 20 (1948 - 1958)
Vols. 21 - 30 (1959 - 1968)
Vols. 31 - 40 (1969 - 1978)
Vols. 41 - 50 (1979 - 1988)
Vols. 51 - 59 (1989 - 1997)
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Continued by Journal of the Royal Statistical Society. Series B (Statistical Methodology), Vols. 60 - 61 (1998-1999)

Questions

Given the previous example, does using an integrated entry cataloging convention for the disappearing title (as in the LCRI Asian Age example, MARC 247/547) conflict with the CONSER aggregator-neutral approach?

If so, how can this conflict be resolved?

Some scenarios to consider:

- Cataloger may know of or have access to multiple versions, some presented successively, some presented in 'latest entry' fashion.
- Cataloger may only have access to 'latest entry' version, but knows (based on print records) that there was an earlier title whose content appears on the version they're viewing.
- Cataloger may only have access to 'latest entry' version with no reference to any other versions.
- There may be existing non-authenticated records in OCLC describing earlier or later titles as represented in aggregator databases.

One possible practice would be to limit the use of LCRI 12.7B4.2 to those cases where there is no evidence of a tangible version. This more aggregator-neutral practice of keeping the print and online version consistent could lead to the following guidelines:

- 1) If cataloger has access to multiple providers, the cataloger should prefer the successively presented version as the basis of description (even if it's a less-preferred version) and note in 246, 580 or 856 \$z that some providers list issues under the later title.
- 2) If the cataloger only has access to a 'latest-entry' presentation but has successive entry print or aggregator records:
- A) Create successive online version records using the successive record as the basis of description and note in 246, 580 or 856 \$z and note that some providers list issues under the later title.

or alternatively,

- B) Create a single record for the 'latest-entry' online version and note in 246, 580 or 856 \$z that some providers list issues of the earlier title under the later title (with the understanding that if a later cataloger identifies a successive presentation that they would create a record for the earlier title and redescribe the later title).
- 3) If the cataloger has access to an online serial that appears to have a disappearing title with no evidence of earlier title (other than existing

online version serial record), then cataloger should follow current LCRI (meaning redescribe and use 247/547 to describe earlier iteration)

Other ideas or thoughts??